NAN HUA PRIMARY SCHOOL

Continual Assessment 2 English Language Primary 4

Nar	ne:	() Marks	:	
Cia	ss: Primary 4	Duration:	1hr 15 minutes	
	CTION A: GRAMMAR - MCQ (8 x	•	led.	
(1)	The furniture in the classroom yesterday.	vandalised	by a group of	boys
	(1) is	(2),was		
	(3) are	(4) were	()
(2)	Greg admitted that hearound in the classroom.	his classmate's money w	when no one was	
	(1) steal	(2) has stolen		
٠	(3) steals	(4) had stolen	()
(3)	"Mother, I go to th	e cinema with my friends tomo	rrow?" Rachel as	ked.
	(1) will	(2) may		
	(3) would	(4) might	()
(4)	Samfencing nex	t month.		
•	(1) learn	(2) will learn		
	(3) learnt	(4) was learning	()
(5)	"You must take good care of told their children.	when we are not are	ound," Mr and Mrs	Tan
	(1) yourself	(2) ourselves		
	(3) themselves	(4) yourselves	(. }
(6)	Valerie has a passion	music. She likes to sing an	d play guitar.	-
	(1) with	(2) for		
	(3) about	(A) through	1	1

(7)	The police officer	I spoke to was a very kind and he	ipful man.	
	(1) who	(2) which		
	(3) whose	(4) whom	()
(8)	Only one of	buses here goes to Orchard Road. Mak	ce sure you get o	n
	right be	us.		
	(1) thea	(2) athe		
	(3) thethe	(4) thean	. ()
		RY - MCQ (8 x 1) marks r and write its number in the bracket provide	ed.	
(9)		from the department store so that we	could know wha	įt
	products in the store v (1) menu	(2) brochure		
	(3) poster	(4) directory	()
(10)) Jalan Tambah Road w	as renamed Veerasamy Road in	of Dr Veera	samy
	Naidoo.			
	(1) name	(2) respect	_	- (
	(3) behalf	(4) honour	(}
(11)	After we had made a	a police report, the police began to	the ca	ase of
	(1) look on	(2) look in		
	(3) look into	(4) look up	. ()
(12)	team members by u	of the game, you can co		
	allowed.			
	(1) only	(2) then	_	_
	(3) really	(4) never	().

(13)	If you are	on your task, you will be able to complet	le it quickly.	
,	(1) concerned	(2) focused		•
	(3) concentrated	(4) determined	()
(14)	A large number of people	haveto the advertisen	nent for	
****	volunteers to help out at t	he animal shelter.	· .	
	(1) acted	(2) agreed		
	(3) reacted	(4) responded	()
(15)	The foreman	the construction site at the end of	each day to en	sure
	that all the structures are	built according to his plan.	•	
	(1) inspects	(2) studies		
	(3) observes	(4) analyses	()
(16)	We had to walk up a _	of steps to get to Hashim	's apartment.	
	(1) set	(2) fleet		
	(3) group	(4) flight	(}

Section C: GRAMMAR CLOZE (Subject-Verb Agreement) (5 \times 1) marks

Read the following passage carefully. Underline the correct word from the words given in the brackets.

Kampong Glam is a gem of Singapore's history and culture. This Malay Historic District used to be and still (17) [is / was] the hub of the Muslim Community today. It (18) [is / was] gazetted as a Conservation Area in 1989. Till today, most of the buildings there (19) [are / were] shophouses. They are a distinct part of Kampong Glam's identity and (20) [is / are] an important building type in Singapore's architectural heritage. Most of the shophouses (21) [has / have] remained intact over the years, preserving the rich culture and history of yesteryears. The shophouse is one of the most significant building types in Singapore's architectural heritage.

Adapted from www.yoursingapore.com

SECTION	D: SYNTHESIS	- (2 X 2) marks

For each of the items, rewrite the given sentence(s) using the word(s) provided. Your answer must be in one sentence. The meaning of each sentence must be the same as the given one(s).

(22)	The waiter was walking to the kitchen. He dropped the dirty dishes.
	a:
(22)	The woman is the wisses of the single commetties. Ohe is weeking and bloom
(23)	The woman is the winner of the singing competition. She is wearing a red blouse.
	. who

SECTION E: EDITING FOR SG (5 x 1) marks

Correct each word which is <u>underlined</u> for spelling or grammar. Write the correct word in each of the relevant box.

Touring a foreign c	ountry is becoming a p	opular pastime	among many p	eople
		(24)		
today. It is easy to get from o	ne place to another. Ti	nere are flights <u>i</u>	n almost every	part of the
world. Even remote towns bo	past of runways and sn	nall airports.		
Few islands are cons	sidered inaccessible ev	en though they	may be remote	. A ferry is
	(25)			
a common mode of transpor	tation to this islands.	ı However, being	situated in the	middle of
the ocean means that tourists	s might not be able to	get to these plac	ces in bad wea	ther.
	(26)			
Other towns th	nat cannot be accesed	by air or sea us	sually have other	er modes
			(27)	
of transportation on land. Sn	nall buses, vans and e	ven bullock car	ts make of for	the lack of
other forms of transportation.	For many tourists, the	ese forms of tran	nsportation are	not
	(28)			
obstacles. Instead, they co	ontribute to the <u>antir</u>	e holiday expo	erience. Such	forms of
ransportation are usually ur	nique to the town and	l are run by the	e locals who	sometimes
unction as tour guides as we	di.			

SECTION F: COMPREHENSION (10 marks)

Read the passage carefully and answer questions 29 to 34.

Thirteen-year-old Richard Turere lives with his family near the famous Nairobi National Park in Kenya. This protected area in east Africa is home to some of the continent's most exotic wildlife. While the northern end of the park is fenced off, the southern end is left open so that animals can go on their migrations without any obstacles. However, this means that they often stray out of the park to nearby areas where people have built homes. Richard's family and their neighbours have to constantly deal with predators like lions attacking their domestic animals at night.

"I grew up hating lions very much," says Richard. He added that livestock like cattle are very precious to his community. They do whatever they can to protect their cows and goats, even if it means killing the lions. As a result, many of these wild cats have been slaughtered and conservationists are worried that the park might lose all its lions soon.

Richard was sure there was an easier way to keep the lions away from his home. At first, he tried scaring them away with fire. That did not work. He noted that the brightness of the blaze probably helped the lions see better in the dark.

Next, he tried using a scarecrow to trick the lions into thinking it was a human being. ¹⁵ However, the lions were cleverer. The animals soon realised that the scarecrow was just a dummy and they started attacking the cows again.

One night, Richard decided to do some patrolling. He walked up and down his compound for a long time, shining a flashlight out into the darkness. Surprisingly, no lions came that evening. It was then that the youngster made a discovery. Excited by this, he decided to design his very own 'lion lights' system. He tied some bulbs onto poles around his family's cattle enclosure and connected them to an old solar-powered car battery. He made the lights flash on and off at regular intervals. In the dark, it looked like someone was walking back and forth with a flashlight.

In the two years that Richard has used his 'lion lights', his home has not been bothered by the big cats at all. Seeing this, his neighbours asked Richard to install similar systems in their houses as well. The results were the same. Richard's invention has proven so effective that it is being used in other parts of the country to keep away all kinds of predators.

Adapted from May-June'13 What's Up Newspaper

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20

Wh	y is the southern er	nd of the Nairo	obi National Park not fenced off? (1m)
	· ·		
Wr	nich word from para	graph one ha	as the same meaning as ' well-known ? (1r
			No. of the second
L			
	ite 1,2 and 3 in the testory. (1m)	olanks below t	to indicate the sequence of events that occ
	story. (1m)	rd used a scar	recrow to trick the lions.
	story. (1m) Richai	rd used a scar	
Ba	e story. (1m) Richar Richar Richar Richar Richar	rd used a scar rd invented his rd realised tha e, state wheth re one reason	recrow to trick the lions. s own 'lion lights' system.
Ba	e story. (1m) Richar Richar Richar Richar Richar Richar Richar Richar	rd used a scar rd invented his rd realised tha e, state wheth	recrow to trick the lions. s own 'lion lights' system. at the lions are not afraid of fire. her each statement in the table below is n why you think so. (3m)
Ba	e story. (1m) Richar Richar Richar Richar Richar	rd used a scar rd invented his rd realised tha e, state wheth re one reason	recrow to trick the lions. s own 'lion lights' system. at the lions are not afraid of fire. her each statement in the table below is n why you think so. (3m)
Ba	e story. (1m) Richar	rd used a scar rd invented his rd realised tha e, state wheth re one reason	recrow to trick the lions. s own 'lion lights' system. at the lions are not afraid of fire. her each statement in the table below is n why you think so. (3m)

discovered that fire is not an effective way to scare the lions away. (iii) The lions were not afraid of Richard's scarecrow as it was too small.	fire is not an effective way to scare the lions away. (iii) The lions were not afraid of Richard's scarecrow as it	fire is no effective scare the away. (iii) The lion not afra Richard scarecre	ot an e'way to ne lions ns were id of l's ow as it			
not afraid of Richard's scarecrow as it	not afraid of Richard's scarecrow as it	not afra Richard scarecr	id of 's ow as it		 	•
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End-of-Paper

Answer Ke

EXAM PAPER 2014

SCHOOL: NAN HUA PRIMARY SCHOOL

PRIMARY: P4

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

TERM : CA2

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16
2	4	2	2	4	2	4	3	2	4	3	1	2	4	1	4

17. is

18. was

19. are

20. are

21. have

22. The waiter dropped the dirty dishes as he was walking to the kitchen.

23. The woman, who is the winner of the singing competition, is wearing a red blouse.

24. to

25. these

26. accessed

27. up

28. entire

- 29. It is not fenced to allow animals to migrate without any obstacles.
- 30. famous
- 31.2

3

1

32. i) True.

The people who stay near Nairobi National Park will do whatever they can to protect their cows and goats, even if it means killing the lions.

ii)True.

Richard noted that the brightness of the blaze helped the lions see better.

iii) False.

The lions were not afraid of his scarecrow as they soon realised that the scarecrow was just a dummy.

- 33. He discovered that no lions came and they stayed away from moving lights.
- 34. It means that there were no more lion attacks.